



1  
00:00:01,890 --> 00:00:03,940  
Good morning to you from  
Mission Control Houston.

2  
00:00:03,940 --> 00:00:06,630  
It is Monday, July 23, 2012.

3  
00:00:06,630 --> 00:00:09,380  
This is a live look inside the  
International Space Station

4  
00:00:09,380 --> 00:00:11,600  
flight control room here at  
the Johnson Space Center.

5  
00:00:11,600 --> 00:00:15,080  
We want to welcome you  
to today's ISS update.

6  
00:00:15,080 --> 00:00:16,940  
It is a busy day for the crew

7  
00:00:16,940 --> 00:00:19,960  
of Expedition 32 onboard the  
International Space Station.

8  
00:00:19,960 --> 00:00:22,440  
This team here in  
Houston today is being led

9  
00:00:22,440 --> 00:00:24,020  
by flight director  
Tony Ceccacci.

10  
00:00:24,020 --> 00:00:26,110  
He is there on the  
right-hand side.

11  
00:00:26,110 --> 00:00:28,690

Sitting beside him is  
Tomas Gonzales Torres.

12  
00:00:28,690 --> 00:00:34,470

He is the on-console flight  
director that is training.

13  
00:00:34,470 --> 00:00:37,040

He course is a former  
spacewalk officer.

14  
00:00:37,040 --> 00:00:41,430

Namely he did STS 125  
which was the final mission

15  
00:00:41,430 --> 00:00:44,200

to the Hubble space telescope,  
but he's been learning how

16  
00:00:44,200 --> 00:00:45,870

to be a flight director for  
the last several months.

17  
00:00:45,870 --> 00:00:48,970

And he is training there  
with Tony Ceccacci.

18  
00:00:48,970 --> 00:00:52,390

The crew onboard  
currently consists

19  
00:00:52,390 --> 00:00:55,970

of Gennady Padalka  
Sergei Revin and Joe Acaba

20  
00:00:55,970 --> 00:00:57,430

which you see there on  
the right hand side.

21  
00:00:57,430 --> 00:00:59,930

There's Revin, then  
Padalka, second from right,

22

00:00:59,930 --> 00:01:01,440  
Joe Acaba there in the middle.

23

00:01:01,440 --> 00:01:04,620  
The newest half of Expedition 32  
is there on the left-hand side.

24

00:01:04,620 --> 00:01:07,760  
That is Aki Hoshide on the  
far left side of the screen,

25

00:01:07,760 --> 00:01:11,060  
Yuri Malenchenko there second  
from left and Suni Williams,

26

00:01:11,060 --> 00:01:14,120  
there in the middle  
right beside Acaba.

27

00:01:14,120 --> 00:01:18,210  
The big news of today is that  
the crew is in the middle

28

00:01:18,210 --> 00:01:20,190  
of operations getting  
ready for re-docking

29

00:01:20,190 --> 00:01:22,810  
of Progress 47 cargo vehicle.

30

00:01:22,810 --> 00:01:25,220  
That cargo craft  
undocked from the station,

31

00:01:25,220 --> 00:01:27,810  
the Pirs docking  
compartment last night

32

00:01:27,810 --> 00:01:31,440  
at 3:25 PM central time.

33

00:01:31,440 --> 00:01:33,530  
It backed away from that  
docking compartment,

34

00:01:33,530 --> 00:01:37,010  
performed a 16-second  
automated separation burn

35

00:01:37,010 --> 00:01:39,000  
as it backed away from  
the Russian segment

36

00:01:39,000 --> 00:01:42,140  
of the International Space  
Station, and it moved

37

00:01:42,140 --> 00:01:44,640  
out to a distance of  
about 100 miles away

38

00:01:44,640 --> 00:01:46,330  
from orbiting complex.

39

00:01:46,330 --> 00:01:49,750  
It is going to be  
re-docking later on tonight

40

00:01:49,750 --> 00:01:52,850  
at 8:58 PM central time.

41

00:01:52,850 --> 00:01:56,460  
We'll have live coverage of  
it on NASA TV at 8:15 PM.

42

00:01:56,460 --> 00:01:58,380

The reason it is  
doing this is to test

43

00:01:58,380 --> 00:02:00,780

out some brand-new  
Kurs equipment that is

44

00:02:00,780 --> 00:02:02,230

on that Progress spacecraft.

45

00:02:02,230 --> 00:02:04,920

Kurs is the device  
and the technology

46

00:02:04,920 --> 00:02:07,020

that allows these  
Progress and these Soyuz

47

00:02:07,020 --> 00:02:11,030

to automatically rendezvous and  
dock with the Russian segment

48

00:02:11,030 --> 00:02:12,840

of the International  
Space Station.

49

00:02:12,840 --> 00:02:15,520

They have upgraded some of  
these systems that will allow it

50

00:02:15,520 --> 00:02:20,880

to perform an easier docking and  
also use fewer antennas onboard,

51

00:02:20,880 --> 00:02:24,040

so this Progress 47 backed  
away yesterday afternoon

52

00:02:24,040 --> 00:02:26,640

and will re-dock tonight

53

00:02:26,640 --> 00:02:28,180

at to the very same  
docking compartment.

54

00:02:28,180 --> 00:02:30,430

And again we'll have live  
coverage tonight beginning

55

00:02:30,430 --> 00:02:35,400

at 8:15 PM central time with the  
actual re-docking taking place

56

00:02:35,400 --> 00:02:38,400

at 8:58 PM central time.

57

00:02:38,400 --> 00:02:43,590

In order to support this  
the crew has a split shift

58

00:02:43,590 --> 00:02:46,690

of a sleep period today.

59

00:02:46,690 --> 00:02:49,850

The Russian crew will go to  
sleep at 10 AM central time

60

00:02:49,850 --> 00:02:51,470

about one hour from now.

61

00:02:51,470 --> 00:02:52,920

They'll sleep for about  
5 and a half hours.

62

00:02:52,920 --> 00:02:56,760

They're going to wake up  
at 3:30 PM central time.

63

00:02:56,760 --> 00:03:00,600

They will support the Progress  
re-docking we just talked about,

64

00:03:00,600 --> 00:03:04,370

then they'll go back to sleep  
at about 10:30 PM central time

65

00:03:04,370 --> 00:03:06,890

and will sleep for nine  
and a half hours waking

66

00:03:06,890 --> 00:03:09,980

up tomorrow morning  
at 8 AM central time.

67

00:03:09,980 --> 00:03:12,040

The US side of the  
crew will go to sleep

68

00:03:12,040 --> 00:03:15,870

at their normal time 4:30 PM  
central time later on today.

69

00:03:15,870 --> 00:03:18,150

They'll sleep for about  
three hours and 15 minutes

70

00:03:18,150 --> 00:03:22,880

and will wake up at 7:45 PM  
central to support the Progress

71

00:03:22,880 --> 00:03:25,670

and then will go back  
to sleep at 9:15,

72

00:03:25,670 --> 00:03:28,370

sleep for about five hours  
15 minutes and will wake

73

00:03:28,370 --> 00:03:31,200

up about an hour and half  
later than they normally would

74

00:03:31,200 --> 00:03:33,430  
at 2:30 AM central time.

75

00:03:33,430 --> 00:03:35,630  
So a split schedule  
for the crew today.

76

00:03:35,630 --> 00:03:38,790  
All of this in order to  
support the Progress re-docking

77

00:03:38,790 --> 00:03:42,280  
which will take place  
later on tonight.

78

00:03:42,280 --> 00:03:45,790  
However there is some experiment  
work taking place today while

79

00:03:45,790 --> 00:03:48,950  
the crew is up getting ready  
for tonight's activities.

80

00:03:48,950 --> 00:03:50,460  
Suni Williams has been working

81

00:03:50,460 --> 00:03:52,100  
on an experiment we've  
talked about before.

82

00:03:52,100 --> 00:03:52,900  
It's called BASS.

83

00:03:52,900 --> 00:03:54,010  
This is the Burning

84

00:03:54,010 --> 00:03:56,300

And Suppression Of  
Solids experiment.

85

00:03:56,300 --> 00:03:57,760

This is one which  
they take at look

86

00:03:57,760 --> 00:03:59,350

at how flames behave in space.

87

00:03:59,350 --> 00:04:01,580

There's different  
types of materials

88

00:04:01,580 --> 00:04:02,900

that they burn up there.

89

00:04:02,900 --> 00:04:05,770

There's different  
types of fuel samples.

90

00:04:05,770 --> 00:04:07,170

This experiment's  
very interesting

91

00:04:07,170 --> 00:04:09,280

because it takes a look at  
how you extinguish a fire,

92

00:04:09,280 --> 00:04:11,510

which fire obviously behaves  
quite a bit differently

93

00:04:11,510 --> 00:04:12,540

up in space.

94

00:04:12,540 --> 00:04:15,130

Here on Earth if there's a flame  
you typically would aim your

95

00:04:15,130 --> 00:04:17,760

extinguisher or whatever are  
you using to put it out down

96

00:04:17,760 --> 00:04:18,850

at the base of the flame.

97

00:04:18,850 --> 00:04:21,080

That's because it's where  
the air enters the flame.

98

00:04:21,080 --> 00:04:22,890

It's where the flame  
is most stable.

99

00:04:22,890 --> 00:04:25,560

But of course up in space you  
don't have that kind of effect

100

00:04:25,560 --> 00:04:27,660

so how you would put  
out a fire up there

101

00:04:27,660 --> 00:04:29,960

in zero gravity is  
quite a bit different.

102

00:04:29,960 --> 00:04:31,570

This is a look inside  
that glovebox.

103

00:04:31,570 --> 00:04:33,880

It's where the BASS  
experiment resides.

104

00:04:33,880 --> 00:04:37,690

You see one of these small  
spheres, fuel spheres burning

105

00:04:37,690 --> 00:04:40,730  
as Suni Williams performs  
this experiment up there

106

00:04:40,730 --> 00:04:41,790  
in the weightless environment

107

00:04:41,790 --> 00:04:45,530  
of space taking a  
look at these flames.

108

00:04:45,530 --> 00:04:47,940  
Williams is also busy taking  
some sound measurements today

109

00:04:47,940 --> 00:04:51,340  
using what's called  
an acoustic dosimeter.

110

00:04:51,340 --> 00:04:52,720  
She's also reviewing procedures

111

00:04:52,720 --> 00:04:54,480  
for medical ultrasound  
operations

112

00:04:54,480 --> 00:04:57,420  
and she also has a ham  
pass later on today

113

00:04:57,420 --> 00:05:00,240  
where she will use the  
ham radio onboard to talk

114

00:05:00,240 --> 00:05:02,780  
with some students  
and some people

115

00:05:02,780 --> 00:05:05,670

at the Rochester Institute of  
technology there in New York.

116

00:05:05,670 --> 00:05:08,740

And she's also working on  
experiment called VIABLE,

117

00:05:08,740 --> 00:05:10,720

which stands for the  
Evaluation And Monitoring

118

00:05:10,720 --> 00:05:13,110

Of Microbiofilms Inside the ISS.

119

00:05:13,110 --> 00:05:17,310

And she also has some  
crew orientation time

120

00:05:17,310 --> 00:05:20,000

which just having been there  
for a few days, she and the rest

121

00:05:20,000 --> 00:05:23,820

of that Expedition 32  
crew is still getting used

122

00:05:23,820 --> 00:05:25,630

to their environment up there.

123

00:05:25,630 --> 00:05:27,240

Of course most of them  
have been up there before

124

00:05:27,240 --> 00:05:30,290

but they still take some time  
to learn their new surroundings

125

00:05:30,290 --> 00:05:34,370

and the emergency  
procedures and all of that.

126

00:05:34,370 --> 00:05:36,290

Aki Hoshide is working  
on the functional check

127

00:05:36,290 --> 00:05:38,910

out of the diagnostic kit  
and medical laptop onboard.

128

00:05:38,910 --> 00:05:41,420

He is viewing reference  
materials the Integrated

129

00:05:41,420 --> 00:05:44,630

Cardiovascular experiment  
which is one of the experiments

130

00:05:44,630 --> 00:05:46,430

on board that takes a  
look at how the human body

131

00:05:46,430 --> 00:05:48,950

and mainly the heart  
and the muscles

132

00:05:48,950 --> 00:05:51,490

and the veins react  
to being up in space.

133

00:05:51,490 --> 00:05:54,950

And he is also doing some  
onboard training getting ready

134

00:05:54,950 --> 00:05:58,030

for the arrival of the  
Japanese HTV cargo ship

135

00:05:58,030 --> 00:06:00,670

which you see there broken  
out to different sections.

136

00:06:00,670 --> 00:06:02,650

The pressurized logistics carrier which you see

137

00:06:02,650 --> 00:06:04,830

on the far left-hand side, that is the portion

138

00:06:04,830 --> 00:06:07,410

that will be mounted to the space station.

139

00:06:07,410 --> 00:06:09,090

There's also an exposed pallet down there

140

00:06:09,090 --> 00:06:11,160

in the unpressurized logistics carrier.

141

00:06:11,160 --> 00:06:15,200

This HTV can carry up items both pressurize and unpressurized.

142

00:06:15,200 --> 00:06:17,450

And the crew will take care of unloading all of that cargo

143

00:06:17,450 --> 00:06:18,970

over next several weeks.

144

00:06:18,970 --> 00:06:21,910

But HTV launched last...

145

00:06:21,910 --> 00:06:25,800

last Friday night which you are seeing a playback of here.

146

00:06:25,800 --> 00:06:28,250

It was quite a rainy  
and cloudy day there

147

00:06:28,250 --> 00:06:31,550

at the Tanegashima Space Center

148

00:06:31,550 --> 00:06:36,410

but the Japanese HTV three cargo  
craft onboard its H-IIB rocket,

149

00:06:36,410 --> 00:06:40,190

which is just a gigantic rocket,  
did lift off on time a little

150

00:06:40,190 --> 00:06:42,110

after 9 PM central time.

151

00:06:42,110 --> 00:06:44,750

That was 11 AM there locally.

152

00:06:44,750 --> 00:06:45,800

Quite a cloudy day.

153

00:06:45,800 --> 00:06:47,660

There was some rain in the  
area and the rocket disappeared

154

00:06:47,660 --> 00:06:50,060

in the clouds just a few  
seconds after liftoff.

155

00:06:50,060 --> 00:06:52,100

But it did have an uneventful

156

00:06:52,100 --> 00:06:55,080

and successful 15  
minute ride into orbit.

157

00:06:55,080 --> 00:06:57,590

It is currently on its way  
toward the International Space

158

00:06:57,590 --> 00:06:59,720

Station and then  
it will rendezvous

159

00:06:59,720 --> 00:07:02,900

and berth Friday evening.

160

00:07:02,900 --> 00:07:04,800

We'll have live coverage  
of that of course.

161

00:07:04,800 --> 00:07:08,700

The grapple scheduled  
for 7:05 AM central time,

162

00:07:08,700 --> 00:07:11,740

8:05 AM Eastern time  
there Friday morning.

163

00:07:11,740 --> 00:07:14,180

Joe Acaba will be in charge

164

00:07:14,180 --> 00:07:17,710

of actually performing the  
robotics operations grappling

165

00:07:17,710 --> 00:07:20,530

that cargo craft and then  
Aki Hoshide will take

166

00:07:20,530 --> 00:07:21,910

over after that.

167

00:07:21,910 --> 00:07:23,710

And he will be the one  
actually installing it

